

P. D. ARMOUR DEAD.

Chicago Millionaire Yielded to Long Illness.

NEVER RALLIED AFTER SON'S DEATH

A Native of Madison County, N. Y., He Laid the Foundation of His Great Wealth in California in 1849.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Philip D. Armour died at his residence in Prairie avenue in this city at 5:45 o'clock last evening. The end came after two years of illness during which time Mr. Armour visited German baths, passed the cold months in southern California and devoted himself largely to an attempt to restore his health, which, however, had been broken never to be regained. When death came, his grandchildren, who had so close a place in his heart, were at the family residence, as was J. Ogden Armour, the surviving son.

The death of his son, Philip D. Armour, Jr., in southern California on Jan. 29, 1890, was a great shock to the health of a broken man. The son had gone on a visit to his father and was taken suddenly with pneumonia. His death followed with scarcely a day's warning. The son had largely interested the father and inherited the business ability of the Armours and was closely following the footsteps of the head when he was stricken down.

So carefully had the plans for the future been made that the death of Mr. Armour will have little effect on the outward working of the great enterprise with which he had been so closely identified. It is believed all the Armour properties will be held intact until the grandchildren come into their own.

Estimates of Mr. Armour's own estate run from \$10,000,000 to \$25,000,000. This of course does not include the \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000 owned by the younger members of his family. For years every enterprise he was interested in had been making immense profits. His holdings of stock have all advanced largely during the last few years.

Philip D. Armour, who was in his sixty-ninth year, made his own life one unique and wholly original with himself. From a not overrich Madison county (N. Y.) farm to the position of paying more freight and controlling more provisions than any other man in the world were the two extremes of his life.

The California gold fever struck western New York in 1849, and young Armour was the first in Stockbridge to determine to visit the Pacific coast. He obtained the permission of his parents and at the age of 17 started, having three of four companions from the same neighborhood. The almost incredible part of it was that the party walked nearly the entire distance from New York to California.

The commercial sense, which always predominated in his life, indicated its presence as soon as he saw the goldfields of California. He made money from the start, and at the end of six years he returned home with a fortune. Becoming dissatisfied with the quiet life of his native town, he came west again and together with a brother-in-law established a large wholesale grocery house in Milwaukee. This venture was also successful, and in a year's time he purchased the largest grain elevator in Milwaukee. This led to more elevators and railroad stock. In 1868 he came to Chicago to take charge of the Chicago branch of a New York packing establishment. The result was that the Chicago house ceased to be a branch, and the west gained the largest packing and provision plant in the world.

The property interests for which Mr. Armour stood are estimated at \$150,000,000. In works of charity Mr. Armour's monument will be found in the Armour institute, to which but a short time ago he gave \$750,000 in one remembrance. Asked once what he considered his best paying investment, he replied, "The Armour institute."

The institute today represents an investment on the part of Mr. Armour and his brother Joseph of \$2,250,000 and a yearly expense for maintenance of \$100,000.

Collateral Inheritance Tax. ALBANY, Jan. 7.—The collateral inheritance tax act has brought into the state treasury during the past three months over \$700,000, which is above the average for a period of that length. The bulk of that sum has come from New York city, which has always contributed the major part of the taxes collected under this statute. The estate of Emma S. Schley, late of New York city, paid the largest amount of taxes during the three months. Its contribution to the state was \$261,494. The second largest tax, \$73,908, was paid by the heirs of Wallace I. Andrews, late of New York city.

Last of a Famous Class Dead. AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 7.—Former United States Senator James Ware Bradbury is dead at his home in this city of bronchitis. He was born in Parsonsville in this state June 10, 1802. He graduated from Bowdoin college in 1825, the celebrated class in which were Henry W. Longfellow, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Jonathan Cilley, John S. C. Abbott, George B. Cheever and Horatio Bridge. He was the last survivor of his class and the oldest living graduate of Bowdoin college.

Mr. Bryan in Chicago. CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—William J. Bryan was the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the Andrew Jackson league, which was held last night at the Sherman House. It had been planned by the Bryan Democrats that a reception to Mr. Bryan should be made part of the day's celebration, but during the afternoon a telegram was received from him saying that it would be impossible for him to reach the city until late in the evening, and the reception was therefore abandoned.

A Rare Fossil. PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 8.—An announcement is made that during the Christmas vacation the Geological museum received from Germany a well preserved and extremely rare fossil of the extinct species of flying reptiles called pterodactyls. There is but one other specimen of the kind in the United States.

Negroes Leave For Hawaii. MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 4.—Two carloads of negroes left here last night for the Hawaiian Islands via San Francisco. They go to take employment on the sugar plantations there.

A MESSAGE FROM MARS.

Nikola Tesla Believes He Has Had Signals From That Planet.

FOR A LARGER HOUSE

Burlie's Reapportionment Bill Passed.

PRESENT MEMBERSHIP INCREASED 29

No State Loses a Representative. Where the Gains Fall—Senators Discuss Army Canteen and Virtually Approve Its Retention.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—By a vote of 165 to 102 the house yesterday accepted the reapportionment plan proposed by the Burlie bill, which increases the membership of the house during the next decade from 357, the present membership and the membership proposed by the committee on Hopkins bill, to 383. The result was largely brought about by the influence of certain senators from several of the larger northern states who threw the weight of their influence into the scale in favor of the larger membership.

When it became apparent that these factors were at work against his bill, Mr. Hopkins attempted to compromise by giving an additional representative each to North Dakota, Colorado and Florida, but his adversary refused to compromise after complete victory was assured. The Crumpacker proposition to recommit the bill for the purpose of ascertaining what states abridged the right to vote to an extent which would entail reduced representation was defeated—130 to 110. There was no roll call on this vote, but a number of Republicans voted with the Democrats.

Under the bill as passed no state loses a representative, and the following make gains: Illinois, New York and Texas, three each; Minnesota, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, two each; Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin, one each.

The bill provides that whenever a new state is admitted the representatives assigned to it shall be in addition to the number provided in the bill. It also adds a provision never hitherto incorporated in a reapportionment bill to the effect that congressional districts, in addition to being "contiguous," shall also be "compact." States which are allowed additional representatives by the bill shall by its terms elect them at large until the legislature shall redistrict the state.

During the legislative session of the senate the much mooted canteen question was under consideration in connection with the army reorganization bill. The senate committee in effect restored the provision for a post exchange or canteen which had been stricken out of the bill by the house. For nearly five hours the senate discussed the committee amendment, but a vote upon the proposition is not yet in sight. Senators Gallinger of New Hampshire and Hansbrough of North Dakota vigorously opposed the amendment, and in turn it was quite strenuously supported by Senators Sewell of New Jersey, Hawley of Connecticut, Money of Mississippi and Carter of Montana. It is possible a vote will be reached this afternoon.

INSURGENT CAMPS CAPTURED. Arrests of Suspects Continue in Manila and Vicinity.

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Arrests of suspected insurgents continue numerously in Manila and its vicinity. Paterno and other influential Independence Radicals are seeking to develop the two factions of the Federal party. Paterno contends that, while the declared principles of the party will do for the present, eventually the Filipinos will seek fuller independence. Although he will not admit believing America's sovereignty is undesirable, he says he wants the relations between the Philippines and the United States to be similar to those of Australia and Canada with Great Britain.

RAILROAD REFORM. Plan to Do Away With 50,000 Officeholders.

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Should the plan be carried out it means the discharge of more than 50,000 men, and the annual saving of millions of dollars to the carrying companies will be the result. The intention of the railroads to bring about the new reform came as a result of the recent big deals engineered by J. Pierpont Morgan, James J. Hill, John D. Rockefeller and others.

A Carnegie Library For Seattle. SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 7.—Andrew Carnegie has promised Seattle a gift of \$200,000 to be expended in the construction of a new public library. He requires a yearly guarantee of \$50,000 for maintenance and improvement.

New York Markets. FLOUR—State and western continued irregular, with prices nominally unchanged and demand light; Minnesota patents, \$4.10; winter straights, \$3.50; winter extras, \$2.55; winter patents, \$3.75.

WHEAT—Quiet, but generally firm on better cables than expected, light covering and moderate export business; March, \$2.05; May, \$2.03; RYE—Dull; state, \$2.00; c. i. f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 57c.; No. 3, 56c.

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PORK—Strong; mess, \$12.25; family, \$14.25; BUTTER—Firm; prime western steam, 7.00; BUTTER—Unsettled; state dairy, 15¢; creamery, 16¢; CHEESE—Firm; fancy, large, full made, 11¢; fancy, small, full made, 11¢.

EGGS—Weak and lower; state and Pennsylvania, 28¢; western, loss off, 24¢; SUGAR—Raw quiet; fair refining, 35¢; centrifugal, 36¢; test, 40¢; refined steady; crushed, 41¢; powdered, 5.70; TURPENTINE—Easy at 40¢; MOLASSES—Firm, but quiet; New Orleans, 40¢; RICE—Steady; domestic, 3 1/2¢; Japan, 4 1/2¢; WHEAT—Steady; city, 60¢; country, 4 1/2¢; HAY—Firm; shipping, 7 1/2¢; good to choice, 5 1/2¢.

Long Journey of a Little Girl. NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The French liner La Bretagne, which arrived here yesterday, brought a little girl in the steerage who said she was Helen Van Allen, 7 years old. A tag around her neck said she was to be sent to her aunt in this city. The girl could not tell her aunt's name or address, and she was sent to Ellis island. She thinks her aunt's name is on a piece of paper in her baggage. She is an orphan and came from Holland.

Roosevelt Goes Hunting. NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Vice President Ellet Roosevelt left this city yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock for a vacation in the west. Colonel Roosevelt said: "I am just a plain citizen going on a little vacation, and I desire to do it in a quiet way. I want rest, and I am going to take it. This is all I will say to anybody, and if you see anything else in print you may know that it is a fake. I am not saying what my destination is."

The President Has the Grip. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The president's cold has developed into a well defined case of grip. His physician states that there are no complications and that everything is progressing favorably. The disease must run its regular course, and the president therefore is not likely to be out of his room for some days.

Four Children in a Year. NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Maria, wife of Matthias, surname Tomassi, of Unionport, has had four children within a year, and three of them came together on Thursday night. Of the triplets two were girls and one was a boy. The boy came six minutes behind his younger sister.

Hungarian Miners Killed. LONDON, Jan. 7.—According to a dispatch to The Daily Express from Vienna, 7 miners were killed and 40 wounded Saturday in an affray at Alteberg, Hungary, between riotous miners and gendarmes.

THE ROCHESTER HORROR. Twenty-eight Dead Bodies Recovered From Orphan Asylum Ruins.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 9.—Twenty-eight dead bodies lie at the morgue, and 12 others more or less seriously injured lie at different hospitals in the city as a result of the terrible holocaust which occurred yesterday morning occurred at the Rochester orphan asylum. Of the dead 26 were children of both sexes, ranging in age from 2 to 14 years, while the remaining two were adults. The fire, which was discovered at 1:10 a. m. and was doubtless caused by an explosion of natural gas in the boiler room, adjoining the west wing of the asylum, spread so rapidly that many of the 160 inmates of the institution were overcome by the flames and smoke almost without warning.

The fire started in the furnace room and was followed by an explosion of gas. This caused the fire to spread rapidly, and in a few minutes the two west wings were in flames. When the firemen who responded to a general alarm arrived, the inmates were jumping from the windows and the attendants were throwing helpless infants out regardless of where they might fall.

A SMALL EARTHQUAKE. Carload of Powder Explodes With Terrible Force.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 9.—By a collision on the Central Railroad of New Jersey near Laurel Run a car filled with black powder exploded with such force that the report was heard a distance of 20 miles. The crew of the empty engine, seeing that a collision was unavoidable, jumped after the engineer had reversed the locomotive. This is the only thing that saved their lives. After the explosion the wreck caught fire. The window glass in the houses at Laurel Run were broken. People living in Wilkesbarre township thought an earthquake had taken place, and they rushed out of their houses into the street. At Wilkesbarre, White Haven and Pittston houses were shaken on their foundations. The concussion was plainly felt at Scranton, 25 miles distant.

NEW JERSEY OUT OF DEBT.

Governor Voorhees So Declares in His Annual Message.

TRENTON, Jan. 9.—The one hundred and twenty-fifth session of the New Jersey legislature opened at 3 o'clock yesterday. The lobby and galleries of the two houses were crowded with spectators, and the members' desks were loaded down with flowers.

The senate was called to order by Senator Charles A. Reed, and Senator Cornish, the only "hold over" Democrat, was made temporary president. Organization was effected by selecting Senator Pitney, Republican, of Morris county as permanent chairman and Walter Edge of Atlantic county as secretary.

Senator Pitney made an address of thanks, in which he declared himself in favor of a constitutional amendment for a separate court of appeals. The house was organized by the election of William J. Bradley, Republican, of Camden as speaker.

In his message to the legislature Governor Voorhees declared New Jersey in a flourishing condition and practically out of debt. Its indebtedness is \$119,000, and to meet this the state has funds the market value of which is \$205,716 and further assets valued at \$207,523.

He could suggest no legislation beyond an amendment to the building and loan association laws. Some of the loan organizations, he declared, were run for the benefit of the officeholders.

The Girls' Reform school, over which there was a scandal not long ago, he asserted, was in good standing. He had something more to say of almost every branch of the state service.

DELAY, BUT NOT FAILURE. Dr. Morrison Says China Will Accept Note Completely.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Dr. Morrison, writing to The Times from Peking Jan. 8, says: "Yesterday 11 identical protocols, representing each of the powers, were handed to the Chinese envoys for signature and for the affixing of the imperial seal. As the formality of communicating with the court is a necessary preliminary to using the seal a delay of a few days is expected, but there is no reason to fear that the Chinese will fail to complete the acceptance of the note."

Great Britain has not yet replied to the circular of the United States government inviting the powers to confer in Washington. She is willing to agree to the proposal if the other powers will also agree, but the impression prevails in London that the other European powers are not likely to accept Mr. Hay's suggestion.

British officials generally are disheartened over the latest muddles in Peking and fear that a long time will elapse before matters are made straight. It is pointed out that a conference in Washington would be a cause of serious delay and inconvenience to many powers, who would be obliged to send special representatives.

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QUEER USES OF CORN.

Things You'd Never Dream Could Be Made of It at the Paris Exposition.

At the Paris exposition there is a little showcase wherein are displayed the more important Indian corn products of this country, says the New York World.

They make an amazing display, including the following articles: Cornmeal, hominy, hulled corn, cream of maize, granulated cornmeal, canned green corn, canned hulled corn, maizena, sump, degenerated sump, cream-meal, self-rising pancake flour, quick malt, brewers' grits, husks for mattresses, cellulose for packing the cofferdams of battleships, paper stock prepared from cornstalk, degenerated brewers' meal, Bourbon whisky, alcohol, bolted cornmeal, hulled cornmeal, feed of ground blades, stalks and cobs, varnish, cob pipes, corn lager beer, table sirup, popcorn, table grits, British gum, salives, laundry starch, table starch, fermentum, flaked hominy, gum paste, corn oil, vulcanized corn oil, oleake, grape sugar, gluten feed, glucose, confectioners' crystal glucose and confectioners' paste. Corn oil, vulcanized, forms the basis of a substitute for rubber.

This substitute, compounded with 60 per cent commercial rubber, is used in rubber boots, linoleum, wheel tires, blankets and other articles. Crude corn oil has been used in the manufacture of toilet soap. Rectified, it is as clear as alcohol, and is the base of a substitute for olive oil. Cornstalk pith is of value in making paper, varnish, films, imitation silks and gun cotton and other explosives.

It is a long list.

Undeniable Evidence. O'Hoolahan—O'Callahan, do yez believe that 13 is an unlucky number? O'Callahan (sadly)—B'gorrah, yis! Faith O'ive been unlucky ever since O' hody my thirteenth birthday!—Brooklyn Eagle.

SCROFULA THE CAUSE.—Eczema, catarrh, hip disease, white swelling, and even consumption have their origin in scrofulous conditions. With the slightest taint of scrofula in the blood, there is no safety. The remedy for this disease in all its forms is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which goes to the root of the trouble and expels all impurities and disease germs from the blood. The best family cathartic is Hood's Pills.

When there is a bent pin on the chair one should not sit down on the spur of the moment.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN, OF GOOD character, to deliver and collect in Pennsylvania for old established manufacturing wholesale house, \$900 a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank, in any city. Enclosed self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. 10-25-16t.

The fellow who drops into poetry seldom gets on his feet again.

A SENSIBLE MAN Would use Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs. It is curing more coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, croup and all throat and lung troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a sample bottle free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Price, 25c and 50c. (202)

During the first year of the new century we should all look out for No. 1.

GO! A CONSTANT HEADACHE?—Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," "Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure. 50 cents.

Sold by C. A. Klein. The girls don't find it so easy to love a poor man, as they used to.

MANY SCHOOL CHILDREN ARE SICKLY.—Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up colds in 24 hours, cure feverishness, headache, stomach troubles, teething disorders, and destroy worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 12 20d4t.

The optimist a ways believes that the best years of his life are those that he has yet to live.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO. DEALERS IN Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts.

SOLE AGENTS FOR Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY. SOLE AGENTS FOR F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars: Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT W. H. BROWER'S

Doors above Court House. A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

CELESTIAL KING

NATURE'S CURE

It Makes Restful Sleep. Sleeplessness almost invariably accompanies constipation and its manifold attendant evils—nervous disorders, indigestion, headache, loss of appetite, etc. To attempt to induce sleep by opiates is a serious mistake, for the brain is only benumbed and the body suffers. Celestrial King removes the cause of wakefulness by its soothing effect on the nerves and on the stomach and bowels. Celestrial King cures Constipation and Nervous Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases.

Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases of your Druggist or Mail Order. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Dr. Humphreys, Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

THE MARKETS. BLOOMSBURG MARKETS. CONNECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter per lb., Eggs per dozen, Lard per lb., Ham per pound, Pork, whole, per pound, Beef, quarter, per pound, Wheat per bushel, Oats, Rye, Wheat flour per bbl., Hay per ton, Potatoes per bushel, Turnips, Onions, Sweet potatoes per peck, Tallow per lb., Shoulder, Side meat, Vinegar, per qt., Dried apples per lb., Dried cherries, pitted, Raspberries, Cow Hides per lb., Steer, Calf Skin, Sheep pelts, Shelled corn per bus., Corn meal, cwt., Bran, Chop, Middings, Chickens per lb new, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, COAL.

No. 6, delivered, 2.60; 4 and 5, 3.85; 6 at yard, 3.35; 4 and 5 at yard, 3.60.

Buy U. S. Express Money Orders. And avoid paying New York Clearing House Tax.

BETTER THAN POSTOFFICE ORDERS. Safest, cheapest and most convenient method of remitting money. For sale by R. F. WILLIAMS, Agt.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Prevents itching and dandruff. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling out, and is sold at Druggists.

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